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Mark schemes



(a) any **two** from:

- diseases spread more rapidly
- antibiotics can build up in the food chain

or

over use of antibiotics

• increased use of fossil fuels (to heat the barn)

2

4

(b) Level 2 (3–4 marks):

Clear statements made identifying the farming methods which are linked to relevant explanations of how this increases the efficiency of food production.

Level 1 (1–2 marks):

Simple statements made identifying the farming methods used, but no attempt to link to explanations of how this increases the efficiency of food production.

0 marks:

No relevant content.

Indicative content

statements:

- kept inside or in a temperature controlled environment
- kept enclosed or in a restricted environment

explanations:

- less energy / heat is lost in controlling body temperature
- less energy required for movement
- so more energy is available for growth
- less energy / heat is transferred to the environment

(C)	(362 – 67 = 295) / 362 × 100	1
	81 / 81.49 / 81.5 allow 81 / 81.49 / 81.5 with no working shown for 2 marks	1
(d)	aboriginal people can eat other foods (so they may not be in food insecurity)	1
	we do not know if other (traditional) food sources have declined	1 [10]

(a)		ing the	eir movement	www.tutorzone.co.uk
	or cont	rolling	the temperature of their surroundings	1
	reas redu		nergy transfer if no other marks awarded, allow 1 mark for: 'fit more chickens in same space'	1
(b)	(i)	witho	out oxygen ignore 'without air'	1
	(ii)	any t • •	two from: ethanol <i>allow alcohol</i> carbon dioxide lactic acid. <i>do not accept</i> energy / ATP (apply list rule)	2
(c)	enzy	/mes a	are denatured / change shape ignore microbes are killed	1
	(enz	yme) s	shape is vital for function or won't work (as efficiently)	1
(d)	(i)	200		1
	(ii)	120	allow ecf from (d)(i) e.g. <u>60' x (i)</u> 100	

methane is flammable

fungus

oxygen / O₂

glucose (syrup)

so might cause fire / damage

1 mark

accept air accept O_2

ignore food / starch

suitable for vegetarians

or

(i)

(ii)

(iii)

any two from:

quick er

cheap er

(a)

(b)

3

1 one predicted consequence of global warming eg rising sea levels, climate change, change in migration patterns, change in distribution of species if no other marks awarded, allow methane is a greenhouse gas for 1 [11] 1 do not allow $O^2 / O / O^2$ 1 allow carbohydrate / sugar allow oxygen if oxygen / air not given in (a)(ii) 1 more efficient or less land / methane

ignore high in protein ignore sustainability unqualified ignore less pollution unqualified allow less animals harmed / killed allow food chain is shorter or has less trophic levels allow less energy lost (from the food chain) do not allow no energy lost allow low(er) in calories (than some meat) allow low(er) in fat / healthier (than some meat) allow source of fibre / prevent constipation

	(a)	it is	impossible to weigh all the fish in the sea	www.tutorzone.co.uk
4	(u)	11.10		1
	(b)	(i)	increase / from 50 to 350 / by 300 thousand tonnes	
				1
		(ii)	due to fishing ban / not allowed	1
	(-)	(;)		1
	(c)	(i)	fishing quotas / limits	1
			changes to net size	
			u u u u u u u u u u u u u u u u u u u	1
		(ii)	yes, biomass increases	
				1
			use of figures from graph eg approx 4- times or (was effective at first) bu numbers decline again after 2004	t
			must use two comparative figures for 2 nd marking point	1
		<i>/</i>		1
		(iii)	so that breeding continues alllow prevent extinction / limit impact of fishing on food chain / web)
				1
		(iii)	95%	
			correct answer gains 2 marks	
			2000-100=1900 award 1 mark	2
	(I)			2
	(d)	any	four from:	
		•	increase in <u>sea / water</u> temperature	
			accept ref to lower <u>sea / water</u> temp if shift in Gulf Stream is referred to	
		•	changes in migration patterns / distribution of species	
		•	more eggs may survive (up to 19 $^{\circ}C)$ and could lead to an increase in he pop	rring
		•	reduction in herring pop (because eggs die if >19 $^{\circ}\mathrm{C}$)	
			accept change in other populations of fish which are alternative prey for cod	
		•	(appropriate) change in cod population as a result	
				4 [14]

1

1

1

1

1

1

1

5

(a)

correct answer with or without working gains 2 marks allow 76.04 for 2 marks allow 76.04 with extra decimal places eg 76.042 for 1 mark

$$\frac{465}{611.5}$$
 for 1 mark

(ii)	mass of fish declines (until 2008) ignore use of numbers allow number of fish decline (until 2008)
	(due to an) increase in fishing / overfishing
	and then rises (until 2010)
	(which could be due to) quotas / net restrictions working

allow any reasonable suggestion, such as countries swapping quotas or restrictions on fishing during breeding seasons ignore less fishing if no other marks awarded allow 1 mark for a decrease in mass **and** an increase in mass if answer relates to sustainable fishing

(iii) (this is due to) public awareness / demand *allow legislation / rules*

(b) fishing quotas / bans

(small) net / mesh size if size of net is stated then it must be smaller if size of mesh is stated then it must be larger

		(therefore) less <u>energy</u> loss from the fish do not allow 'no energy is lost' ignore references to less heat loss through controlling body temperature ignore references to respiration	1
		(there is) more food available / better quality food / fed more often accept 'high-protein food (for making cells)'	1
		(so) there is more energy for growth or (more food) is converted to biomass	1 [13]
6	(a)	circulating / mixing / described or temperature maintenance	1
		supply oxygen or for <u>aerobic</u> conditions or for <u>faster</u> respiration do not allow oxygen for anaerobic respiration	1
	(b)	energy supply / fuel / use in respiration do not allow just food / growth ignore reference to aerobic / anaerobic	
		or material for growth / to make mycoprotein	1
	(c)	respiration allow exothermic reaction allow catabolism ignore metabolism ignore aerobic / anaerobic	1
	(d)	 (i) any one from: compete (with <i>Fusarium</i>) for food / oxygen or reduce yield of <i>Fusarium</i> make toxic waste products or they might cause disease / pathogenic or 	
		harmful to people / to <i>Fusarium</i> do not allow harmful unqualified	
			1

(ii) steam / heat treat / sterilise fermenter (before use) not just clean

7

or steam / heat treat / sterilise glucose / minerals / nutrients / water (before use) or filter / sterilise air intake or check there are no leaks allow sterilisation unqualified not just use pure glucose 1 any three from: (e) beef is best or beef is better than mycoprotein ٠ mycoprotein mainly better than wheat • • more phenylalanine in wheat than in mycoprotein allow equivalent numerical statements but no information given on other amino acids / costs / foods ٠ 3 overall conclusion: statement is incorrect because either it would be the best source for vegetarians or for given amino acids, beef is the best source or three foods provide insufficient data to draw a valid conclusion 1 [10] С (a) 1 otherwise species may disappear altogether (b) allow to avoid extinction

(c) any two from:

2

1

[4]

regulate net size

if mesh size specified, must be larger

- impose fishing quotas
- limit fishing during breeding seasons
- bans on discarding of fish
- bans on fishing in certain areas
- 8

(a)

(i) wheat → humans chain transfers 10 times more energy than wheat → pigs → humans chain
 allow 10% if given as a comparison e.g. one is 10% of the other

or

- wheat \rightarrow pigs \rightarrow humans chain transfers 810 000 (kJ per hectare) less ignore less unqualified
- (ii) any one reason for energy loss from pigs e.g : *ignore respiration, growth ignore heat unqualified*
 - movement
 - (maintaining) body temperature
 - waste materials
 allow named examples
 - not all parts of pig eaten by human
 - because there is an <u>extra stage</u> (pigs) in the food chain and <u>energy is lost</u> at each stage *allow longer food chain so more energy lost*

(b) Marks awarded for this answer will be determined by the Quality of Written Communication (QWC) as well as the standard of the scientific response. Examiners should also refer to the information in the <u>Marking guidance</u>, and apply a 'best-fit' approach to the marking.

0 marks

No relevant content.

Level 1 (1-2 marks)

There is a basic description of at least one factory farming method **or**

identification of an advantage or disadvantage of factory farming.

Level 2 (3-4 marks)

There is a description of at least one factory farming method **and** an advantage or disadvantage is <u>explained</u>.

Level 3 (5-6 marks)

There is a description of factory farming methods and

advantage(s) and disadvantage(s) are explained.

Examples of Biology points made in the response:

factory farming methods e.g.:

- Kept in cramped conditions / battery hens / calf crates / pig barns / fish tanks
- Controlled temperature / heating
- Controlled feeding / modified food given / growth hormones
- Controlled lighting
- Treated with prophylactic antibiotics

Advantages e.g.:

- Increased efficiency / profit / greater food production / cheaper food / faster growth
- Farmer can have more livestock
- Less energy is lost through movement
- Less energy is used keeping warm
- (Food is high in calories / protein) so animals will grow faster / lay more eggs
- Easier to vaccinate all the animals
- Easier to protect animals from predators
- Antibiotic treatment stops infections in animals

Disadvantages e.g.:

- Stress / cruelty / inhumane / unethical
- Restricted movement / overcrowding
- Faster spread of diseases
- Antibiotics in the food chain / residual chemicals in the food chain
- Wasting fossil fuels / increasing global warming
- Increased pollution from animal waste and from additional transport

3 (.0) (a)

9

correct answer, irrespective of working gains **2** marks. if the answer is incorrect or there is no answer, award **1** mark for use of correct figures (0.5 and 3.5) [and no other figures] 6

[8]

(b)	as f	eces	vw.tutorzo
(-)		if more than two boxes ticked deduct 1 mark for each additional tick	1
	as c	arbon dioxide from respiration	1
(c)	(i)	pigs kept inside are kept in small pens if more than two boxes ticked deduct 1 mark for each additional tick	1
		pigs kept inside are kept warm in the winter	1
	(ii)	any one from:	
		faster growth ignore bigger / less flavour / fatty	
		need less food ignore references to movement / energy	
		• ready for market sooner ignore ethical arguments	1
(a)	(i)	any two from:	
(a)	(1)	 more milk (about) 50 litres milk compared to (up to) 20 litres / 30 litres more ignore costs / profit 	
		electricity produced	
		farmers can keep more cows in the space answers must refer to number of cows and space	

(ii) any two from:

10

- less stress for cow or not cruel to cow or cows have ٠ freedom to move around ignore references to ethical / unnatural without qualification
- crops fertilised ٠
- less disease or disease not as easily spread ٠

2

[7]

1

less

in this order

[6]

11

any **three** from:

maximum **2** marks if only advantages **or** only disadvantages given ignore references to cost unqualified

advantages: (max 2)

ignore reference to fresher

- less transport / example of transport **or** less fuel used
 accept implication eg less food miles
 allow no transport / fuel costs
- less pollution / example

accept eg less carbon dioxide / smaller carbon footprint allow no pollution / example

• support of local / UK economy / farmers

disadvantages: (max 2)

- not available all year
- may require use of heat / light
- (production of) heat / light causes pollution

12

(a)

(i) cholesterol

fat

in this order

 mycoprotein has (approx) half amount of <u>protein</u> / has 11.8 (g) <u>protein</u> while chicken has 22.0 (g) accept has less protein

ignore less fat

1

1

1

[3]

(b) (i) increased

1

1

1

2

[8]

(±) constant rate **or** (from 0) to 9.2 / by 9.2(cm) **or** about 1 cm a day **or** increase slower at the beginning and / or at the end

- species A grows faster / more than species B
 or
 species A has larger diameter or is bigger
 or
 the growth of species B slows down after 6 weeks
 accept use of approximate figures
- (c) any **two** from:
 - pH / acidity / alkalinity
 ignore references to carbon dioxide / waste products
 - (speed of) stirring ignore time in the fermenter
 - oxygen (concentration) / aeration
 ignore initial amount of Fusarium
 - ion <u>concentration</u> / named eg -NH₄⁺ allow ammonia
 - pressure

13

 (a) three layer triangular pyramid either way up (as blocks or triangle)
 1
 (soya / beans / food - trout / fish - people / human (in sequence) ignore reference to producers /herbivores / consumers award 1 mark only for a correct food chain with 2 correct arrows showing energy flow
 (b) the trout release energy when they respire
 some energy will be lost in waste from the trout

2

1

- (c) any one from eg
 - easy / easier to catch / more caught
 allow easy / easier to monitor
 - easy / easier to feed
 allow control food
 - no / less predation
 allow less fishing / poaching
 - less energy loss
 allow grow faster
 - less movement ignore less space to move do **not** allow easier to farm
- (d) any **two** from:
 - microorganisms / bacteria /decomposers / microbes / fungi /detritus feeders
 - decay / rot / decompose / digest /break down
 ignore biodegrade
 - (microorganisms) respire do **not** award this mark if response implies the trout respire
 - turned into fossil fuels / named fossil fuels
 - carbon dioxide / CO 2 released

[7]

14

(i) 20

(a)

1

2

(b) any two from:

do not accept sweating / cooling /excretion

- (body) heat / maintaining body temperature
 allow keep warm
- movement (max 2)

allow **2 different** examples of movement, internally and / or externally eg breathing / exercise / eating / circulation allow muscle contraction if no other muscle action is credited movement + breathing = 1 mark

- growth / cell division / repair / reproduction / building molecules allow examples eg making proteins (from amino acids) ignore 'chemical reactions' / digestion
- accept active transport
- more movement / have to hunt / catch food allow converse if stated for herbivore eg herbivores food is all around
 - ignore reference to size **or** predator unqualified
- (d) any two from

(C)

ignore reference to food

less movement

allow no movement allow less space to move ignore less space unqualified

- less heat loss
 allow no heat loss or they are kept warm
- less respiration

[8]

2

(a) any **one** from:

15

- increase / give light
- increase temperature / make warmer

award marks if the method by which these could be done is given eg leave lights on all night **or** use a heater

- increase / give CO 2
- add fertiliser / nutrients / minerals / named
 allow nitrogen ignore 'food'
- (b) (i) any **two** from:
 - cheaper
 allow grow faster / more grown
 - better quality / flavour
 ignore size
 - available all year accept converse if clear that answer refers to use of British tomatoes allow 'Fair Trade'
 - (ii) any **two** from:
 - greater distance **or** more food miles **or** more transport

idea of more needed only once

- transport needs (more) energy / fuel
- reference to eg greenhouse effect / global warming / pollution / CO₂ release / carbon footprint ignore ozone



(a) (i) tick in box of FIRST pyramid

(ii) any **one** from:

1

2

- less energy / biomass lost / wasted
- greatest biomass / energy for humans ignore human box is bigger ignore .food. for humans
- shortest food chain or less stages or least number of different organisms or only one predator or only 2 boxes tall or least boxes allow only one stage

(b) (i) any **two** from:

- quicker / more growth **or** grow fatter
- less* urine or less faeces
- less* heat (lost)
- less* movement assume for pigs indoors allow converse if clear for pigs outdoors
 - (*) do **not** allow no for less ignore less space

(ii) any **one** from:

- less cruelty **or** more ethical **or** better animal welfare
 ignore more natural
 ignore ideas referring to against God's will
- better flavour / quality (of meat) ignore pig health or free range / organic
- less pollution / etc / less fossil fuel used for heating ignore quality of life assume for pigs outdoors allow converse if clear for pigs indoors

(a) 4

17

award **both** marks for correct answer, irrespective of working. allow 125/3125 (× 100) **or** 0.04 for **1** mark

2

1

[5]

(b) any **three** from:

3

- excreted / urine / urea(*)
- not digested / faeces(*)
 (*) if neither of these marks is awarded then waste gains 1 mark
- methane
- respiration
 do **not** allow **for** respiration
- movement / named internal / external movement
 allow sound
- heat / temperature control / sweating
 allow milk production
 allow active transport
- (c) any two from:
 - no / less biomass / energy lost (by intermediate) or examples of losses
 herbivores contain more energy is insufficient
 - shorter food chain
 - cheap(er) to feed herbivores
 ignore reference to carnivores being dangerous

(i) bacteria (a) 18 1 (ii) 8 1 (iii) 4 tonnes 1

less circulatory problems

reduces colon cancer

it = mycoprotein

beef contains more protein

it = beef

enzymes / antibodies

fat must be comparative

must be comparative

better for growth / making cells /

mycoprotein contains (more) fibre

or

or

or

(ii)

1

1

1

1

[6]

19 ^(a) ⁽ⁱ⁾

a triangular-shaped pyramid, with 4 layers – widest at the bottom either in blocks or as a triangle

labels in food chain order (from widest part)
ie plankton – herring – tuna – parasitic / worms
 upside down labelled pyramid with producer at top gains 2 marks
 upside down labelled pyramid with producer at bottom gains 1 mark
 for labels
 unlabelled upside down pyramid = 0 marks
 accept separate boxes
 correct food chain with correct arrows if given gains 1 mark





- (ii) any two from:
 - waste / excreted / urine / faeces / CO₂ (from tuna)
 from / of tuna not required but do not accept if of / from other organisms
 - respiration (of tuna)
 ignore used in reproduction
 - movement (of tuna) / hunting
 if a mark is not awarded for respiration / movement / heat allow 1
 mark for energy (unqualified)
 - used for heat (production) (of tuna)
 - not digested / absorbed

(b) (i) 40

award **both** marks for correct answer, irrespective of working allow (290 – 50) /6 **or** 240/6 for **1** mark

allow 48.3 / 48
$$\frac{l}{3}$$
 / 48 for **1** mark

(ii) cost of food / protein

1

- (c) any **one** from:
 - concern about animal welfare or examples or cruel to tuna or unethical or lack of space allow immoral ignore not natural
 - poorer flavour / quality

[8]

[3]

20	(i)	customers concerned with the environment / green issues (will be attracted) owtte allow idea of helping the world	
	(!!)		1
	(ii)	reduces transport of food	1
		less carbon dioxide / greenhouse gas / emissions / harmful gases / lower carbon footprint (from transport)	
		allow less fuel used ignore pollution unqualified	
			1

21	(a)	30 award both marks for correct answer, irrespective of working 100 – (33 + 27 + 10) or equivalent for 1 mark	2
	(b)	2 or 1.98 award both marks for correct answer, irrespective of working (33 / 100) × 6 or <u>equivalent</u> for 1 mark	2
	(c)	respiration	1
	(d)	 (i) less / no heat loss / movement do not accept 'energy' / warmth unqualified 	1

2

3

1

22

(a) 8.3 or 8.3 recurring or 8

 award both marks for correct answer, irrespective of working
 7/84 × 100 or equivalent for 1 mark

(b) any **three** from:

•

•

- heat allow keeping warm
- respiration **not** <u>for</u> respiration
- movement or example of movement eg exercise / kinetic
- faeces / waste / urine / excretion / urea
 ignore eggs / sound
- (c) any **one** from:
 - less / no movement
 allow examples of movement
 - less / no heat loss
 - reference to selective breeding
 - reference to controlled / better / more feeding

(d) any two from:

•

- less steps in food chain
- less losses of biomass / energy / examples of losses
 - cheaper to feed herbivores allow dangerous to keep carnivores herbivores contain more energy is insufficient

2

1

1

[8]

```
23
```

(a) circulation / mixing / described

or

temperature maintenance

supply oxygen

do not allow oxygen for anaerobic respiration

or

for aerobic conditions

or

for faster respiration

(b) any **one** from:

- energy supply / fuel or use in respiration do not allow just food / growth ignore reference to aerobic / anaerobic
- <u>material</u> for growth
 or to <u>make</u> mycoprotein
- (c) (heat / energy) from respiration
 - allow <u>exothermic</u> reactions allow description eg <u>breakdown</u> of glucose / catabolism ignore metabolism ignore aerobic / anaerobic

1

- (d) (i) any **one** from:
 - compete (with Fusarium) for food / oxygen or reduce yield of Fusarium
 - make toxic waste products
 or they might cause disease / pathogenic
 or harmful to people / Fusarium
 do not allow harmful unqualified
 - (ii) any **two** from:
 - steam / heat treat / sterilise fermenter (before use)
 not just clean
 allow sterilisation unqualified for 1 mark
 - steam / heat treat / sterilise glucose / minerals / nutrients / water (before use)
 not just use pure glucose
 - filter / sterilise air intake
 - check there are no leaks
- (e) any three from:
 - beef is best **or** beef is better than mycoprotein(*)
 - mycoprotein mainly better than wheat(*)
 - more phenylalanine in wheat than in mycoprotein(*) allow equivalent numerical statements(*)
 - but no information given on other amino acids / costs / foods

3

		overall conclusion:	www.tutorzone	e.co.uk
		statement is incorrect		
		or		
		it would be the best source for vegetarians		
		or		
		for given amino acids, beef is the best source		
		or		
		three foods provide insufficient data to draw a valid conclusion	1	[11]
24	(a)	scientists figures based on research / calculations / data or		
		scientists sample whole area		
		ignore reasons based on bias	1	
		fishermen based on impression / hearsay / experience or		
		fishermen fish in well-stocked / limited areas scientists sample a wid <u>er</u> area = 2 marks fishermen <u>only</u> fish in well-stocked areas = 2 marks if no marks gained fishermens' opinion and scientists' opinion gains 1 mark	S 1	
	(b)	any two from:		
		economic considerations eg fear for jobs, profits, big demand for cod		
		political impact eg allow EU / government decide or laws will be passed		
		pressure groups or fears of extinction	2	[4]

(a) 0.1

25

ignore working or lack of working

$$\frac{88 \times 100}{88000}$$
 for 1 mark

2

1

1

1

4

4

(b) <u>shape</u>: pyramid with 4 tiers



labels:

- Plants + Herbivores + Carnivores + Top carnivores (in sequence – largest to smallest) *allow suitable named examples inverted pyramid correctly labelled = 1 mark*
- (c) more energy / biomass / materials / matter available or less energy lost or energy used up (by herbivores) *not just plants*

- (a) 4 of: intensification due to need to improve efficiency of energy transfer; has led to developing fast growing crop varieties; native plants cannot compete with these; for e.g. light/water/minerals; effect of herbicides; pesticides killing pollinating insects each for 1 mark
 - (b) recommend a variety of measures; (can be implied) because rotational will allow these species to continue; permanent will allow others; leading to conservation of a wide range of species each for 1 mark

[8]

27

(a)

(b)

(C)

28

1 (ii) 2 gains 2 marks (if answer incorrect, 20 / 1000 × 100 gains 1 mark) 2 ideas that energy lost by animal (pig / cattle) / extra stage / extra trophic level in waste materials e.g. in muscular activity / movement in keeping body temperature higher than surroundings / lost as heat any three for 1 mark each references to respiration regarded as neutral 3 ideas that controlling (high) temperature of surroundings / keeping indoors / insulating reduces energy transferred from animal as heat / animal uses body heat to maintain temperature restricting movement (e.g. caging or keeping in darkness)

reduces muscular contraction / muscular activity

each for 1 mark accept respiration as explanation once only if neither explanation point has received credit reject give more food / different food

[10]

4

to reduce energy 'lost' (by movement) accept need less energy

so more energy is available for growth

accept prevents loss of body mass to provide energy accept so need less food accept get fatter accept so weight gain accept so more growth

[2]



(a) 115

less energy lost / used

as heat lost to the atmosphere

since warm indoors

accept temperature controlled

(less energy lost) in movement

since movement restricted

more growth / eggs

accept prevents loss of body mass or gets fatter / weight gain

[5]

4

2

1

32

(a) 12 500

incorrect numerical answer but clear evidence of correct working e.g. 365 million ÷ 365 ÷ 80 **or** 3285 million ÷ 365 ÷720 credit with (1)

- (b) (i) vegetation \rightarrow (farm) animals \rightarrow humans *accept any correct variation on this theme e.g. grass* \rightarrow *lambs* \rightarrow *humans*
 - (ii) any three linked points from
 - * less links in the food chain *or* only one link in the food chain
 - * energy 'wasted' **or** 'lost' **or** 'used' at each link
 - * energy 'wasted' **or** 'lost' in (the process of) respiration
 - * energy 'used' to maintain body temperature
 - * energy 'used' by the animals in movement
- (c) people will eat more/greater proportion of food from plants
 - accept people will eat less/smaller proportion of food from animals do not credit 'everyone will stop eating meat'

1

any three linked points from

these marks are independent of the 'prediction' mark do not credit 'food from plants will become less expensive'

- * meat will become more expensive
- * only a limited area of land available on the planet (for food production **or** otherwise)
- * more people means less land available for food production because some used for housing etc.
- * land will become more expensive
- * land will have to be used more efficiently

or more people will go hungry or people will (each) eat less

- * livestock farmers will try to improve efficiency
- * (leading to) growth of 'factory farming'
- * demand for food will rise (total)

[10]

3

1

1

- (a) both axes labelled both axes appropriate scale plotting 7 correct good attempt at line graph each for 1 mark
- (b) more fertiliser added more yield increased gains 1 mark

but

yield increases with fertiliser up to maximum gains 2 marks

yield **increase** slows down above 125/150 kg/ha either for 1 further mark

(do **not** allow yield falls) maximum yield with 175 kg/ha

(a) (i) carbohydrate*/fat/protein in cell (or example e.g. glucose/starch) *for 1 mark*

(ii) <u>21500</u> × 100 or 2.(05)% 1050000 *for 1 mark*

(b) *ideas that:* little energy used for growth/most wasted/lost *gains 1 mark*

but

only 4% used for new growth gains 2 marks

evidence/idea that this is repeated at each stage idea of diminishing return/less energy at each stage

for 1 mark each (maximum of 3)

33

34

[7]

[8]

(c) idea:

plants at the start of all food chains shorter food chain more efficient/less energy lost/more food cheaper/more economic (must bear consequence of at least one of earlier marks) *any three for 1 mark each*

35

ideas that: large mesh

allows small fish to escape so they live long enough/grow big enough to breed maintains stocks

close season

maintains stocks unless catch more in rest of time especially important in breeding season

closed areas

maintains stocks especially important for breeding grounds but can't make fish stay inside area

quotas

maintains stocks plus difficulty of enforcement of any/all of above

any 7 for 1 mark each

fisherman (effect of controls on) reduced catches/less income a controls harder to catch fish but will ensure their future

> any 3 for 1 mark each to max. of 9 (credit other good but unanticipated reasons)

2

(a) <u>Decrease:</u> seals will eat more squid and penguins for 1 mark

Stay the same:

more shrimp/food for squid and penguins

ideas that

36

- increase in squid and penguins balances the extra eaten by seals
- seals find other prey (<u>allow</u> start to eat shrimps) any two for one mark each

(b) ______ seal cod shrimp credit _____ for seal plants

allow



- correct shape (doesn't need to be to scale)
- correctly with organisms

(if wholly correct but inverted then credit 1 mark) each for 1 mark

(C)

- seals are mammals
- *idea that* seals have (to maintain) a constant body temperature [allow warm blooded]
- heat losses to cold seas
- more of food eaten used to replace heat loss

(credit <u>use</u> of figures i.e. 95% loss compared to 90% or 5% efficient compared to 10% or 20 : 1 conversion ratio compared to 10 : 1 with 1 mark)

any three for 1 mark each

(d) (i) ideas that

2

- reduce number of fishing boats allowed
- breed in captivity and then release
- agree quotas [not an unqualified 'ban']
- avoid breeding areas
- avoid breeding seasons
- increase size of net mesh/don't catch small fish
- limit catches of shrimps
- cull seals

 any two for 1 mark each
 [allow any other reasonable answer]

(ii)

- breeding areas closer to some countries than others
- difficult to police/easy to cheat/'poach'
- difficult to agree quotas
- some countries eat more fish than others
- best weather for fishing maybe in breeding seasons
- fisherman/trawlers need employment
- big demand for cod any one for 1 mark [allow any other sensible response]

[11]

2

2

(a) idea that

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- so they don't get too hot / cold for high temperatures
- don't lose condition / weight or don't become ill
- don't lose too much water / become dehydrated (allow don't sweat too much) for low temperatures
- reduce heat loss from pigs
- less energy wasted in maintaining body temperature
 for 1 mark each

(b)

- reduce energy loss by movement
- so more is available for growth* (*credit this point if given in (a) but only credit once)
- don't use body mass to provide energy
- easier to handle / monitor for 1 mark each
- (c) idea that
 - less humane / not natural / cruel / no room to exercise / stressful
 - more intensive labour
 - increased risk of disease / (often) in contact with faeces
 - antibiotic residues in meat
 any two for 1 mark each