Mark schemes

|--|

(a) opaque / less transparent / blue

allow mixture becomes dark / black
ignore thicker

1

(b) (i) 7 (minutes) **or** in range 6.7 to 7

award **2** marks for correct answer

if answer is incorrect evidence of selection of 40(% light intensity) either in working **or** in graph 2 for **1** mark

2

- (ii) any **two** from:
 - slower / takes longer at lower temperatures
 - (40 °C is) optimum / best temperature
 allow near to 37°C / body
 temperature where enzymes work best
 - enzyme denatured / destroyed / damaged at higher temperatures allow description of denaturation

2

(c) (i) isomerase

allow phonetic spelling

1

2

(ii) fructose is sweeter than glucose needed in smallerquantities **or** less is needed

[8]

allow energy produced

prevents anaerobic respiration

prevents build-up of lactic acid

(b)	any	two from:
	•	increase
		inoroaco

increased breathing rate(*)

increased depth of breathing or deep breathing(*)
 (*)more breathing is max 1 mark
 ignore increase in heart rate
 allow heavier breathing
 do not allow harder breathing

dilation of arteries / vasodilation
 allow blood vessels dilate
 do not allow veins / capillaries dilate

 blood diverted from elsewhere ignore name of organ

[6]

(a) transpiration / evaporation / diffusion ignore osmosis

1

2

(b) (i) D

1

- (ii) any **two** from:
 - more / faster diffusion or evaporation or transpiration
 - molecules move faster
 - maintains concentration gradient
 or keeps water concentration low in the air
 or brings in more dry air
 or removes damp air / water

2

[4]

- www.tutorzone.co.uk (a) any two from: age gender mass number in group time 2 (b) any **two** from: highest (mean) mass loss on Rosemary Conley or Rosemary Conley most effective least (mean) mass loss in control group or mean 2 (c) (Atkins) costs least 1 mass loss very similar to other diets or second highest mass loss or as effective as other diets 1 (d) any two from:
 - (exercise) increases metabolic rate / respiration ignore sweating
 - (exercise) needs / uses energy / calories allow burns fat / calories do not accept energy for respiration
 - (this) energy comes from food / fat
 - less food / energy/ calories converted to fat

[8]

(a) (i) B

1

(ij) a	ny o	ne	from:
١	٠.	, ~	., -		•

- largest area of / most digestion (of lipid)
 allow agar / jelly / mixture broken down / digested
 do not allow digestion of bacteria / lipase
 ignore digestion by bacteria
- largest clear area

1

(b) any **two** from:

- effect of pH / pH described
- effect of temperature
- effect on different types of lipid / fat
- cost or allergic reactions or effect on skin / fabrics / or environment or interaction with other chemicals in powder or shelf life

2

1

(c) enzymes / named enzyme denatured / destroyed allow active site(of enzyme) altered

[5]

7 (a) A = alveolus

allow air sac / alveoli

1

B = diaphragm

ignore labelling of C and D

(b)	Α			www.tutorzone.d	co.uk
(5)	, ,			1	
(c)	(i)	red b	blood cells	1	
	(ii)	plasr	ma	1	
					[5]
(0)	٨				
(a)	Α		no mark – can be specified in reason part		
			if B given = no marks throughout		
			if unspecified plus two good reasons = 1 mark		
	high	n(er) p	ressure in A		
			allow opposite for B		
			do not accept 'zero pressure' for B	1	
	puls	se / de			
			accept fluctuates / 'changes'		
			allow reference to beats / beating		
			ignore reference to artery pumping	1	
(b)	(i)	17		-	
(D)	(1)	17		1	
	(ii)	68			
			accept correct answer from candidate's (b)(i) × 4	1	
(c)	(i)	oxyg	en / oxygenated blood		
			allow adrenaline		
			ignore air	1	
		gluco	ose / sugar		
			extra wrong answer cancels eg sucrose / starch / glycogen / glucagons / water		
			allow fructose as an alternative to glucose		
			ignore energy		
			ignore food		

(ii)	carbon dioxide / CO ₂ / lactic acid
	allow CO2 / CO ²
	ignore water

[7]

9

(a) guard (cell) ignore stoma / stomata

1

(b) Species A:

stomata open in dark / at night or close in light / in day

1

stomata closed during warm(est) period or open when cool(er)

1

heat (energy) / warmth increases evaporation / transpiration
 must give explicit link between heat and transpiration

1

1

 reduces water loss / evaporation / transpiration ignore photosynthesis allow converse points for species B

[5]

10

(a) any two from:

- neutralises acid / makes conditions alkaline / raises pH
- enzymes (in small intestine) work (more/most effectively)
 or stop/prevents enzymes being denatured
- emulsifies fats/lipids or description of emulsification do not accept breakdown unqualified
- larger surface area

	(b)	(i)	bile / bilirubin / pigment / broken down haemoglobin /	www.tutorzone.c	o.uk
		substance / cholesterol linked to movement or effect		1	
			does not get to the intestine / food / faeces or cannot leave liver or effect not happening (in intestine)	1	
		(ii)	bilirubin / pigment / broken down haemoglobin not 'bile' alone	1	
		(deposited) in skin			
			only award if bilirubin / pigment / broken down haemoglobin given allow carried in the blood	1	
					[6]
44					
11	(a)	B = 1	rib	1	
		C =	diaphragm	1	
	(b)	(i)	D allow lower case		
		(**)		1	
		(ii)	carbon dioxide	1	[4]

(a)	(i)	A or C allow lower case		
	(ii)	B or D	1	
		allow lower case	1	
(b)	(i)	60	1	
	(ii)	4	1	
(c)	red	blood cells	1	[5]
(a)	(i)	on diagram:		
		arrow drawn from cell X , through air space and out through stoma above stoma	1	
	(ii)	transpiration	1	
(b)	(i)	13 – 15	1	
		ignore units	1	
	(ii)	any two from:		
		 warmest / hottest / brightest time of day accept warmer / hotter or sun higher in sky 		
		water evaporates fastest		
		stomata open / more open	2	[5]

(a)	ı) (i) increased / thick(er)		
		allow more / wide(r) / broad	

(ii) decreased

1

2

(b) 1

IGNORE working or lack of working correct figures from table 2.1 and 1.1 but no answer / wrong answer = 1 mark

[4]

15

- (a) any **three** from:
 - rose <u>rapidly</u> (during exercise) / use of approximate figures
 - then more slowly (during exercise)
 accept rate (of increase) slows down
 - to max 126 / at 5 minutes / end of exercise
 - <u>rapid</u> fall (during recovery) **or** use of approximate numbers
 - then less rapid fall / use of approximate numbers
 - returned to resting rate (60 bpm) by 11 minutes

3

(b) arteries dilate / widen accept muscle in wall relaxes

(c) www.tutorzone.co.uk

any four from:

 muscles using more energy or more energy released

- · muscles respire faster
- supply more oxygen
- supply more glucose / sugar
- remove more CO₂
- · remove lactic acid
- · remove heat / to cool

do not accept energy produced

allow for aerobic respiration or to prevent an aerobic respiration

'more' needed ONCE only for full marks

[8]

16

- (a) any **two** from:
 - transport up / against concentration gradient / low to high concentration
 - uses energy
 - use of protein / carrier

(b) microvilli – large(r) surface area accept have carriers

mitochondria – release energy **or** make ATP do **not** accept 'makes energy'

1 [4]

2

1

- 17
- (a) diet or description
- (b) exercise
 - or group meetings
 - or same number of kilocalories per day
 - or time
 - or group size

1

- (c) any two from: eg
 - scientists didn't observe amount of exercise
 or volunteers cheated on exercise(*)
 - scientists didn't observe the amount of food
 or volunteers cheated on food(*)

(*)if no marks awarded for first 2 bullet points allow don't stick to plan **or** cheated for **1** mark

- mass of subjects not controlled
- age of subjects not controlled
- gender of subjects not controlled
- occupation of subjects not controlled
- different proportions of subjects completed course
 allow not all completed course
- low number of subjects ignore not repeated
- (d) any two from: (yes)
 - low carbohydrate / Group 1 / people / they lost more mass ignore more people lost weight allow greater change in mass
 - low carbohydrate / Group 1 / people / they lost more body fat ignore more people lost body fat allow greater change in body fat
 - low carbohydrate diet / Group 1 / people / they resulted in more HDL allow better HDL to LDL balance allow greater change in HDL

[6]

(a) lipase

18

allow phonetic spelling allow lipidase

1

2

(b) (i) fall **then** rise owtte eg down **then** up allow faster **then** slower ignore explanations

1

minimum / least / fastest / best / optimum at 39–41(°C)

allow it falls to 40(°C)

if no other marks gained, 'falls to an optimum' gains 1 mark

1

(ii) (yes)

there is no mark for circling 'yes' maximum 1 mark if No is circled

any two from:

- less heat / energy / electricity / power required / used / wasted
 ignore lower temperature
- conserves fuel supplies
 or less fuel used
- less pollution from power stations owtte
 accept less global warming

or

less CO₂ / carbon emissions / greenhouse gases

or

less SO₂ / acid rain

NB only direct effects

less pollution only is not enough

	(c)	any t	wo from:	www.tutorzone.c	o.u
	,	•	max 1 mark for reference to cell		
		•	enzyme / lipase accept any named enzyme		
		•	destroyed / denatured allow damaged / broken down not 'killed'		
		•	reference to (specific) shape changed ignore detergent / it		
				2	[7]
19	(a)	(i)	red cell	1	
		(ii)	diffusion	1	
		(iii)	haemoglobin	1	
	/le\	(vi)	a nucleus	1	
	(b)	(<u>on d</u>	liagram) arrow from any part of blood to air	1	[5]

1

1

- (a) any two from:
 - large surface / area or many villi or have microvilli accept big surface / area
 - thin surface or thin wall or surface 1-cell thick or capillaries near surface or permeable or partially permeable accept they are thin do not allow thin cell wall
 - <u>many</u> blood vessels **or** <u>many</u> capillaries **or** capillary <u>network</u>
 or <u>good</u> blood supply

ignore 'constant blood flow' owtte ignore extras eg moist or reference to gases

have enzymes

ignore release enzymes

- accept reference to lacteal as 5th point
- allow reference to having mitochondria
- (b) (i) small(er) (surface area) / flat(ter) / short(er)
 or not as folded
 or fewer capillaries owtte
 allow small(er) lacteal
 ignore references to wide / thick / spread out etc

(ii) less absorption (of digested food) / less digestion / diffusion accept slower for less accept description of less digestion accept less food can get in do not allow zero absorption do not allow 'collection' of nutrients

[4]

(a)	В
-----	---

(B has) low(est) number of stomata

or no stomata on upper surface

or only 800 (on lower surface)

1

1

less transpiration / evaporation / water loss owtte

or water (vapour) is lost via stomata

only allow zero water loss if linked to no stomata on upper surface / linked to leaf B upper surface

ignore references to leaf surface area

1

(b) reduce loss / amount of water (vapour)

accept converse

or

reduced transpiration (from upper surface)

do not allow no water is lost

1

warmer above leaf

accept converse

or wilted leaf folds over lower surface

or lower leaf in shade

ignore reference to dust

or less light / heat / sun on lower side

[5]

22

(a) being overweight

do **not** accept fat unqualified allow BMI over 25

1

(b)	(i)	rose	www.tutorzone.co	o.ul
(5)	(.)		1	
		by 8% / from 16% to 24% / by 50% / rapidly then more slowly	1	
	(ii)	any two reasonable suggestions		
		e.g. less active accept e.g.s like fewer jobs / more cars / less physically demanding employment OWTTE	j	
		more food / take-aways / fast food	2	
(c)	(i)	high (blood) cholesterol do not accept combination of 2 labels ignore references to LDL and HDL	1	
	(ii)	answer in range 8-17 inclusive	1	
	(iii)	some deaths related to more than one factor	1	[8]
(a)	any	two from:		
	•	birth mass / growth reduced		
	•	smoke contains carbon monoxide ignore references to poison		
	•	blood carries less oxygen / fetus receives less oxygen do not accept harder for fetus to breathe	2	

(b)	(i)	it may cause mental illness	www.tutorzone.co.u
		it may be a 'gateway' drug to more harmful substances three answers max 1 three answers max 0	1
		unee answers max u	1
	(ii)	it is less addictive than amphetamines, tobacco or alcohol	1
		it is not associated with major sociological problems three answers max 1 four answers max 0	1 [6]
(a)	anv	three from:	
(a)	arry	unee nom.	
	•	water allow breathing / oxygen / carbon dioxide	
	•	ions / minerals / salts allow sodium / chloride, other ions neutral	
	•	temperature allow heat	
	•	blood sugar	
	•	heart rate	
	•	blood pressure ignore urea	3
(b)	con	traceptive drug	1
	ferti	lity drug	1

	(c)	(i)	eg nicotine, alcohol, cocaine, heroin, painkillers, tranquilisers, LSD allow cannabis / weed or other alternative names allow tobacco	www.tutorzone.	co.uk
			ignore smoking / ecstasy	1	
		(ii)	alters body chemistry or craving / needing / dependence allow psychological dependence		
				1	
			withdrawal symptoms on stopping		
			allow withdrawal described		
			allow 'feel ill without it'	1	[8]
25	red	(blood	d cell)	1	
	plate	elet		1	
	whit	e (blod	od cell)	1	
	plas	ma			
				1	[4]
26	(a)	corr	rectly labelled on diagram		
		(i)	'X' on an alveolus centre of X on the alveolus wall or inside the alveolus		
			not if the centre is outside	1	
		(ii)	arrow pointing downwards		
			accept anywhere but must point down	1	

	(b)	in sequence	www.tutorzo	one.co.uk
		1 trachea		
		2 bronchi		
		3 bronchioles		
		4 alveoli	1	
	(c)	diffusion accept positive indicator	1	[4]
27	(a)	in sequence		
		starch	1	
		sugar	1	
		protein	1	
		amino acids	1	
	(b)	(too) large or insoluble do not accept "breaking up" do not accept complex accept 'need to make molecules smaller / soluble' – reverse argument	1	
		cannot be absorbed or cannot enter blood or cannot pass through wall / lining of intestine / gut or villi "body" not enough not large intestine	1	

	(c)	mouth		www.tutorzone.c	o.uk
			accept positive indication	1	
	(d)	enzymes	allow catalysts do not accept <u>catalase</u>	1	[8]
28	<i>(</i>)	ı.			
	(a)	lipase		1	
	(b)	fatty acid	ignore glycerol	1	
	(c)	(i) 0.25	or $\frac{1}{4}$		
			if <u>correct</u> answer ignore working or lack of working		
		(ii) fats e	$\frac{(8.7-7.7)}{4}$ for 1 mark emulsified or described re. Small droplets or large S.A.	2	
			enzyme action) or fats 'mix' better with water do not allow breakdown / breakup unqualified	1	[5]
29		ker surface uced surface	area	1	
	. 340	234 2411400	accept fewer alveoli	1	[2]

accept peptides / polypeptides / peptones

1

1

1

1

1

1

$$\pm \frac{1}{2}$$
 square

deduct 1 mark per error

best fit curve or ruled point-to-point

if double line within $\frac{1}{2}$ square allow sharp apex do **not** allow single straight line if no points line defines points if (5,0) not plotted only penalise **1** mark bar graph wide bars – **no** marks

bar graph $\pm \frac{1}{2}$ square max **2** for points

(c) (i) 2 or correct from candidate's graph

$$\pm \frac{1}{2}$$
 square

- (ii) stomach
- (d) proteins are large / product is small

proteins (may be) insoluble / product is soluble

cannot be absorbed / cannot enter blood **or** cannot pass through gut lining accept reverse referring to product

[10]

(a)	(i)	lower – B loses less (water / mass) than C or	www.tutorzone.co.ul
		described in terms of petroleum jelly accept converse re Leaf C	
	an)		1
	(ii)	yes - B and C lose less than D or B and C lose more than A or D loses the most or	
		D loses the most or A loses the least	
		do not accept just 'all leaves lose some weight'	1
(b)	(i)	X = stoma	
		accept stomata / stomatal pore do not accept air space	1
		Y = guard cell	
	(")		1
	(ii)	petroleum jelly blocks stomata / poresor petroleum jelly prevents water lossor petroleum jelly waterproofs	
		allow pores are blocked in B	1
		water (mainly) lost via stomata / pores / X or stomata on lower surface only	
		of Stoffiata of lower surface offly	1 [6]
(a)	holo	d <u>cells</u> together or prevent flow of <u>cells</u> or trap <u>cells</u>	1
(b)	125		
		if correct answer, ignore working / lack of working	
		100	

$$\frac{100}{0.008}$$
 for 1 mark

ignore any units

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(c) (i) size RBC approximately same size capillary or no room for more than one cell or only one can fit or RBC is too big

allow use of numbers

do not accept capillaries are narrow

1

(ii) more oxygen released (to tissues) or more oxygen taken up (from lungs)

1

2

and any **two** from:

- slows flow or more time available
- shorter distance (for exchange) or close to cells / capillary wall
- more surface area exposed

[7]

34

in correct sequence:

breathing

1

diffusion

1

1

respiration

[3]

35

Quality of written communication

for ideas given in a sensible order; comparison made for geranium and cactus for each feature (ie not just list for geranium followed by list for cactus) + <u>linking</u> of feature & explanation

any **four** features + explanations from:

cactus has:

accept converse points for geranium plant

Feature	Explanation
thicker cuticle	waterproof / keeps water in
smaller surface area	less water loss / less heat absorbed
fewer stomata	less water loss
stomata open at night / closed in day	(closed when warmest) – so less water loss
more widespread roots	quickly absorbs water (after rain) / access to bigger area for absorbing water / absorb more water
more water storage tissue	little water available in environment / can survive drought / avoids dehydration

[5]

36

(a) (i) liver

1

(ii) on diagram:

'X' on liver

must be unambiguous (eg not overlapping gall bladder) intersection of X in liver

	(b)	stomach	www.tutorzone	.co.u
	(5)	otomash.	1	
		small intestine		
		accept duodenum or ileum		
		extra wrong answers cancel the mark,		
		eg small intestine (colon) = no marks		
			1	
	(c)	amylase not produced by stomach		
		accept no starch digesting enzymes in the stomach		
		accept correct enzyme not in stomach		
		accept <u>only</u> proteases in stomach		
		do not accept protease does not digest starch		
			1	
		acid / low / wrong pH in stomach or enzyme would be denatured in		
		stomach or amylase only works in neutral / alkaline conditions		
		incorrect extra information cancels mark		
		do not accept amylase does not work in the stomach	_	
			1	[6]
				[-]
37	(a)	(i) haemoglobin / oxyhaemoglobin		
		must be phonetic		
			1	
		(ii) carries oxygen or forms oxyhaemoglobin		
		Ignore references to CO ₂ / iron		
		cancel if extras like food / glucose		
			1	
		from lungs to tissues		
		nom lange to decade	1	
	(1.)			
	(b)	no nucleus or biconcave disc (described)		
		ignore references to size		
		ignore vague references to being 'round' / 'donut' shaped etc.		
		тоини / чотик эпареч екс.	1	
				[4]

1 [7]

1

(i) oxygen into the blood stream

40

arrow must start inside alveolus and finish outside the capillary

any four from:

(oxygen) diffuses

has affinity for/combines with oxygen / forms oxy-haemoglobin

do not accept absorbed

(b)

1

1

[10]

		n.b. 'pick up oxygen' is stem of question	1
	in co	onditions of low oxygen concentration it breaks down and releases the oxygen low oxygen concentration can be implied e.g. active muscles	1
(a)	wate	er [1]	
	oxyg	gen [1]	
	(sun) light or solar [1] do not accept sun's	
	chlo	rophyll [1] do not accept chloroplasts	4
(b)	any	two from:	
	store store	ed as fructose ed as sucrose ed as starch ed as oil or lipid ed or transported away <u>in the phloem</u> do not accept "stored" by itself	
	fuel char char char	pired or burnt up for energy or changed to protein aged to cellulose aged to fructose aged to starch aged to oil or lipid	
		do not accept "food for plant" do not accept "used up" by itself	2
(c)	(i)	roots or root hair (cells)	1
	(ii)	the mineral salts are (dissolved) in water [1]	
		water transports salts throughout the plant or water enables osmosis or diffusion to take place [1]	

in areas of high oxygen concentration

42

			www.tutorzone.co.ul
d)	(i)	plants grow better with some nutrients than none or	
		plants grow better with nitrates than without	
		comparison is needed	
		accept "faster" as equivalent to "better"	
		accept don't grow well with only water	1
			1
	(ii)	0.14(g)	
		units not needed	1
			1
	(iii)	making protein or amino acids	
		do not accept help them grow	
		accept named protein or DNA or chlorophyll	
			1
	any	two from:	
	(iv)	type or variety or starting weight or	
	()	ype or ramely or elaming meight of	2
	(iii)	size of seedlings	
	()	keep the environment the same	
		only if light or temperature or day	
		length not already credited	
		light	
		temperature not heat	
		time of growth	
		do not accept the same equipment	
		do not accept help them grow	1
			1
		day length	
		amount of culture solution or/size of	
		accept named protein, DNA chlorophyll	
		boiling tube	
		number of seedlings per tube	
		pH CO₂	
		humidity	
			[15]

capillaries (a)

(b) (oxygen) in red blood cells **or** haemoglobin

the candidate **must** make clear which substance is which for **2** marks

1

(carbon dioxide dissolved in) the plasma

accept in haemoglobin in regions of <u>high carbon dioxide</u> concentration

accept for 1 mark oxygen + CO_2 is transported by red blood cells or haemoglobin

do **not** credit red + white blood cells **or** combinations of right + wrong answers

1

(c) one mark for each up to a maximum of three

red blood cells

award 1 mark for blood cells if no red or white

white blood cells (or named white blood cell up to 2)

platelets

urea

accept nitrogenous waste do **not** credit waste substances **or** products

minerals (**or** one named mineral)

accept ions **or** salts

vitamins

water

hormones (named hormone up to 3)

protein (named blood proteins up to 2)

glucose

accept other named soluble sugar do **not** credit sugar(s) **or** blood sugar **or** sucrose

	fatty acids or glycerol		www.tutorzone.co.uk
	amino acids		
	do not credit do not credit do not credit	nts (if individual foods not credited) it starch or carbohydrates it nutrition or food it oxygen it haemoglobin	
	carbon dioxide accept nitrog	gen	
	antibodies		
	antitoxins		
	drugs or toxins (named	up to 2)	
	bacteria or viruses		
	cholesterol		3 [6]
44	one;		1
	diffuse;		1
	narrow;		1
	lowered;		1 [4]
45	(a) liver		1
	mouth or salivary glands duodenum or small intes pancreas		
			1

(b) any **two** from:

increased CO₂ concentration

increased water supply

increased temperature (up to a point) increased light intensity

do not accept heat or warmth

altered light quality by less green **or** increasing other colours

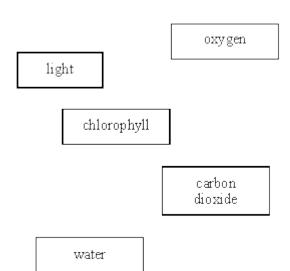
(c) any four points

- palisade (mesophyll)
- lots of chloroplasts or chlorophyll
 or main site for photosynthesis
 or absorb maximum amount of light
- guard cells
- CO₂ in or O₂ out or water vapour
 out
- controls size of stoma or pores in leaf

allow stomata

[12]

47 (a)



(b)	(i)	sugar or carbohydrate	www.tutorzone.co.	uk
()	()		1	
	(ii)	it can be stored or it is insoluble accept it has no osmotic effect	1	
	(iii)	any one from: respires it or releases or transfers energy turns it or stores it as fructose or sucrose or lipid or protein or cellulose	1	
(c)	(i)	photosynthesis	1	
	(ii)	any one from: flat surface stomata thin chloroplasts veins large surface area air spaces do not accept chlorophyll	1 [10	າງ
(i)	the r	mass got less accept it got lighter award 1 mark for water was lost from the plant	1	
		er was taken into the plant or roots orbed water		
		do not accept soaked into plant	1	
	leave	lost through transpiration or the es or evaporated from the leaves tomata	1	
			1	

(ii) to check the effect of the plant **or** to act as a control **or** to show that it was not due to evaporation from water

do **not** accept to keep it fair **or** to check that it was fair do **not** accept fair test

[4]

49

(i) liver

1

1

(ii) liver **or** B stores glycogen **or** pancreas **or** D makes insulin

1

1

clear description of link

[3]

50

X – oxygen

accept O₂

Y - carbon dioxide

accept CO2

[2]

51

(i) any **two** from:

urea

carbon dioxide

water

lactic acid

	(ii)	higher concentration of glucose or more glucose in blood than cells	www.tutorzone.d	co.uk
		diffuses across	1	[4]
52	(a)	 (i) transport of substances or named substance or blood around the body each for 1 mark (ii) breaks down (not digests) food absorption (into blood) 	2	
		each for 1 mark	3	
	(b)	water filtered from blood smaller proportion reabsorbed therefore larger volume of dilute urine produced each for 1 mark	4	[9]
53	(a)	mesophyll / / / (all correct) sperm // x / (all correct) for 1 mark each	2	
	(b)	(i) absorbs light/to produce food/photosynthesis (allow references to gaseous exchange) for 1 mark	1	
		(ii) has chlorophyll/chloroplasts to absorb light/produce food for 1 mark each (if linked to gas exchange allow – moist surface/ dissolve gases)	2	[5]

54	(a)	A – artery B – capillary C – vein	www.tutorzone.co.uk
			3
	(b)	transport OWTTE	1
	(c)	increased oxygen decreased carbon dioxide	² [6]
55	(i)	eyes as sense organs/detector/receptors in eye, electrical signals (impulses), to co-ordinator,	
		then to leg muscles/effector	
		for 1 mark each	4
	(ii)	affects the nervous system and slows down the reactions for 1 mark	
			1 [5]
56	(a)	A vein / venule B capillary	
		C artery / arteriole	
		each for 1 mark	3
	(b)	idea that substances or named substance pass in or out / diffuses between blood and tissue	
		each for 1 mark e.g. oxygen passes from blood to cells gains 2 marks	
			² [5]
57	(a)	quick cheap / many can be produced from one plant cuttings produce plants identical (to parents) / outcome known	
		any two for 1 mark each	2

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(b) *idea that* provides damp atmosphere / less likely to wilt reduces or stops transpiration or water loss / keeps it warmer (*reject prevents animals eating it*)

for 1 mark

1

[3]